



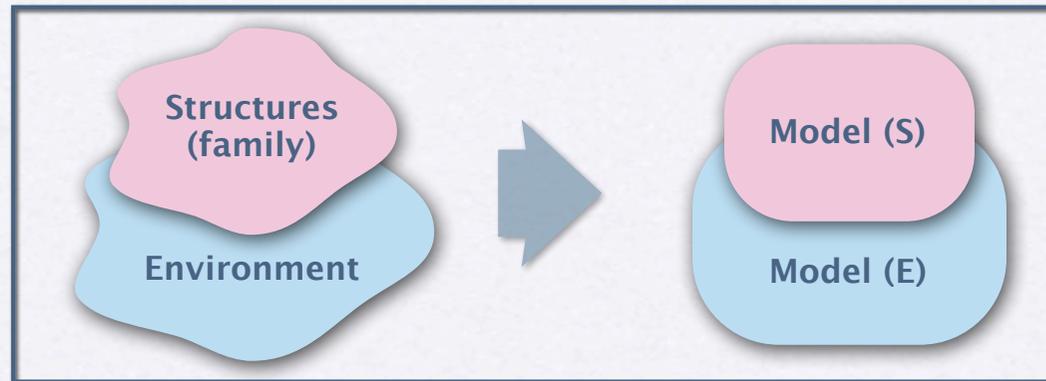
Vérification et validation en Calcul de Structure : Etat de l'Art et Challenges

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Transfer to virtual world



New

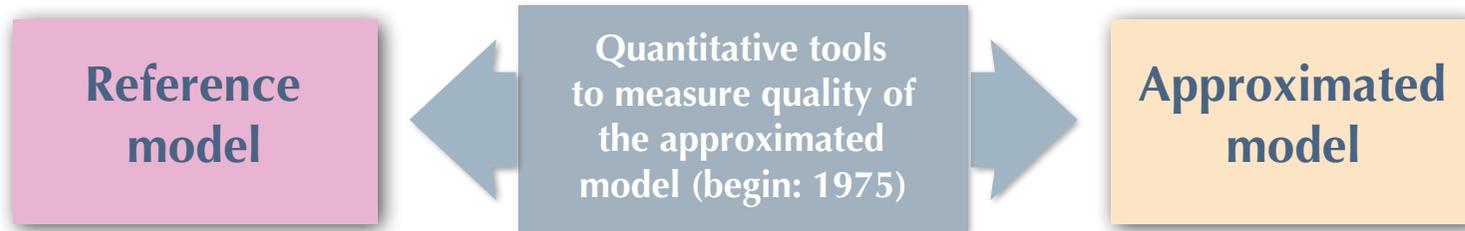
- to **identify** and to **model** the (S) and the (E) **variability** (uncertainties)
- to use more **physics-based** material models (nano or micro or meso or hybrid)

Research issues

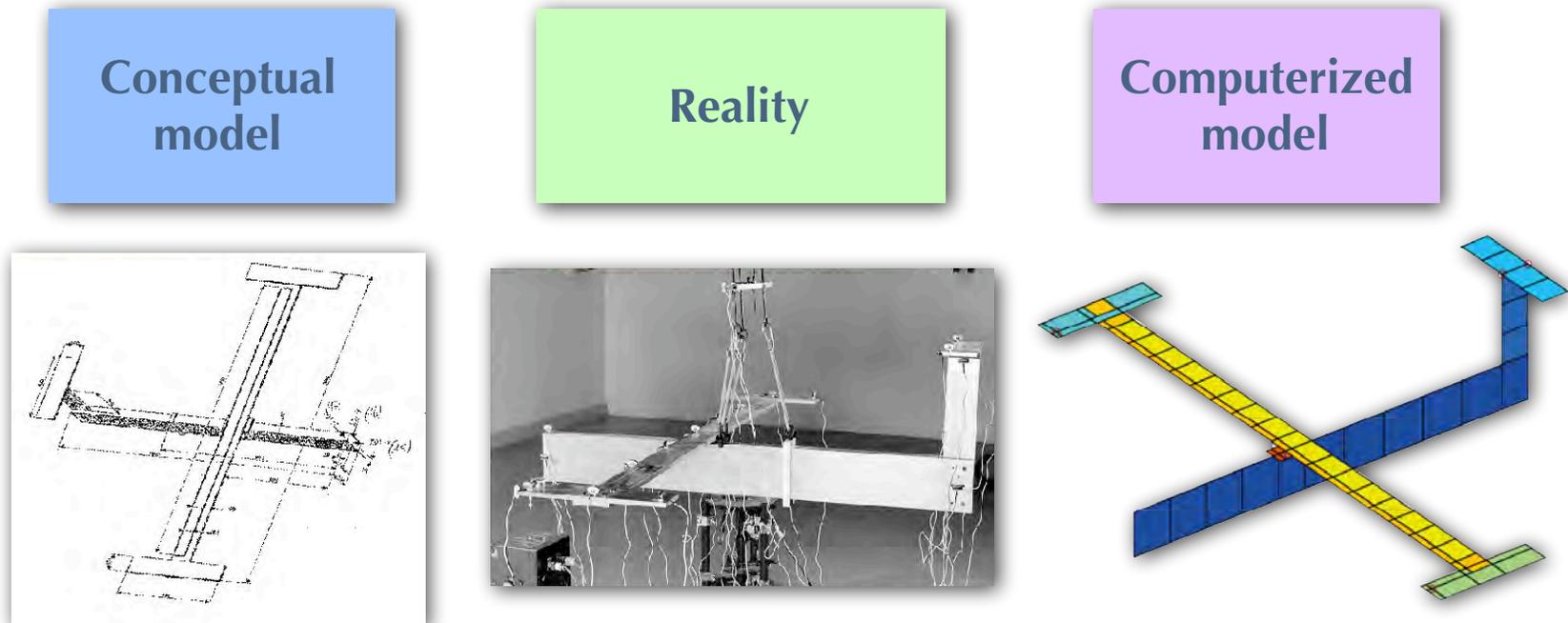
- model **verification** (error estimators, adaptive calculations)
- model **validation**
- **multiscale computation** (local-global)
- **model order reduction** (real time simulation-design)
- **isogeometric FEA** (Integration CAD and FEA) Hughes et al 2003,.....

The control of models

 **A constant concern, what has changed?**



 **The standard situation: 3 models**



The control of models

Situation 1: verification

Conceptual
model

reference
model

Computerized
model

approximated
model

Question 1

to quantify the quality of the
approximated model

Question 2

to optimize the computational
parameters for a prescribed
quality

Situation 2: validation

Reality

reference
model

Conceptual
model

approximated
model

Question 1

to quantify the quality of the
approximated model

Question 2

to correct (to update) the
approximated model for a better fit
with the reality



Part 1: Verification

Verification: history in brief

Approximated model: computerized model

The state of the art: 3 families of *global* error estimators

Smoothing of the finite element solution

- [Zienckiewicz-Zhu 87], [Ainsworth], [Beckers], [Huerta], [Diez], [Craig], [Haque], [Fourment], [Le Dain], [Strouboulis], [Wiberg], [Rodenas], [Zong] ...

Verification of the equilibrium equations

- [Babuska-Rheinboldt 78], [Ainsworth], [Aubry], [Bank], [Gago], [Kelly], [Oden], [Prudhomme], [Stein], [Strouboulis], [Tie], [Weiser], [Zienckiewicz] ...

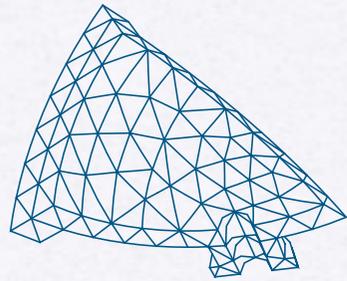
Constitutive relation errors

- [Ladevèze 75], [Pelle], [Boisse], [Coffignal], [Coorevits], [Combe], [Destuynder], [Florentin], [Gallimard], [Leguillon], [Marin], [Moës], [Ramananjanahary], [Rougeot], [Ryckelynck], [Cartensen], [Diez], [Babuska], [Bouillard], [Beckers], [Maunder], [Oden], [Perego et al.], [Stein], [Strouboulis], [Rodenas], [Orlando], [Patera], [Warzee] ...

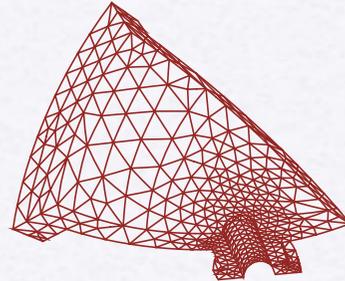
Verification: history in brief

Approximated model: computerized model

 Illustration of the state of the art

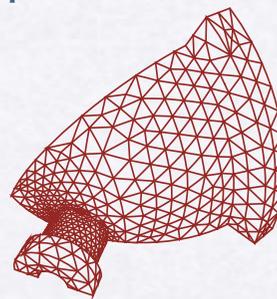
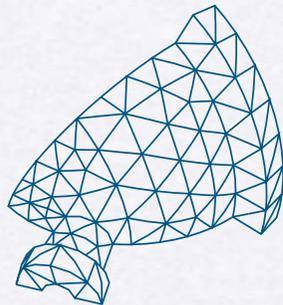


Initial error **30 %**



Target error **2 %**

Computed error **2,2 %**



Control of the computation

Error estimator

(*a posteriori*)

Modification (adaptation)
of computational parameters

 Extension to nonlinear problems and to transient dynamics

book : Ladevèze-Pelle (Springer) 2004 (CRE-method)

Verification: history in brief

Approximated model: computerized model



Research topic in progress: local quantities (outputs of interest)

- Per[aire-Patera 95], [Rannacher], [Babuska-Strouboulis], [Cirak-Ramm], [Stein], [Diez-Huerta], [Oden-Prudhomme], [Ladevèze-Rougeot]...

● idea

Extractor

Stress

$$\alpha = \int_{\Omega} \Sigma \cdot \sigma d\Omega \quad \left(\alpha_h = \int_{\Omega} \Sigma \cdot \sigma_h d\Omega \right)$$

Coming back to global error estimators

- **remark:** accurate error estimation
(solving of the direct problem and adjoint one)

Verification: history in brief

Approximated model: computerized model

- Extension to nonlinear case
[Jonhson 92, Rannacher et al, Oden et al 06]

→ Linearization at each time step

- The state-of-the-art: Books
Babuska-Strouboulis (Oxford) 2001
Ladevèze-Pelle (Springer) 2004

A scientific challenge: to derive *guaranteed* and *accurate* error bounds

Central question discussed here

$$\alpha_{ex} = \int_{\Omega} \text{Tr}[\sigma_{ex} \tilde{\Sigma}] d\Omega$$

sol. reference problem

➔ From a f.e. approach, find guaranteed bounds such that:

$$\alpha_h^- \leq \alpha_{ex} \leq \alpha_h^+$$

or

$$|\alpha_{ex} - \frac{1}{2}(\alpha_h^+ + \alpha_h^-)| \leq \frac{1}{2}(\alpha_h^+ - \alpha_h^-)$$

➔ all sources of errors: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \bullet \text{ modeling error} \\ \bullet \text{ space and time discretisation} \\ \bullet \text{ iteration technique} \end{array} \right.$

The state of the art



Rather few works

- [Rannacher, Peraire et al, Ladevèze et al, Strouboulis-Babuska, Diez-Huerta et al, Oden-Prudhomme, de Almeida et al, Stein, Cirak-Ramm,...]
- Outside F.E. context: [Greenberg 1948, Washizu 1953,...]

➔ *analytical Green functions*



Methods: only **one** approach with variants

- Cachan's presentation based on Constitutive Relation Error (general!)

An answer : the Constitutive Relation Error Method

[Ladevèze, Pelle, Springer NY 05]

[Ladevèze, Comp. Mech. 08, Pled et al

IJNME13, Ladeveze-Chamoin IJNME 10, CMAME 11]

- all other answers for linear quasi-static problems included

- $|\alpha_{ex} - \alpha_h - \alpha_{hh}| \leq E_{CRE}^h \tilde{E}_{CRE}^h$



"small"



accurate bounds

Accurate solving of
the adjoint problem

Technical point : equilibration techniques

"Element equilibration technique" EET

- General explicit technique
- [Ladevèze 1975, Pelle, Rougeot, Coffignal, Maunder, Strouboulis-Babuska,...]

Star patch equilibration technique SPET

- General technique
- [Cartensen-Funken 2000, Morin et al 2002, Choi-Paraschivoiu 2004, Diez et al 2006-2008]

Hybrid equilibration technique EESPT

- [Ladeveze-Chamoin-Pled 2010]

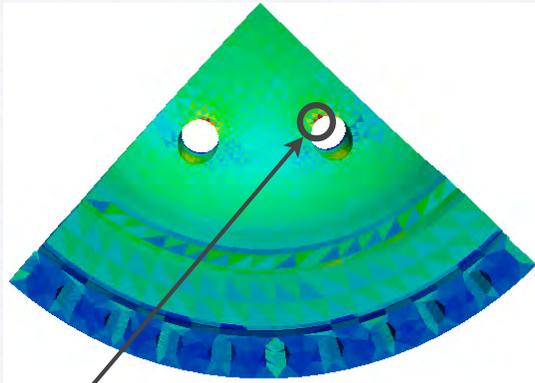
Other equilibration techniques

- [Kelly 1984, Ainsworth-Oden 1993, Bank-Weiser 1985...]

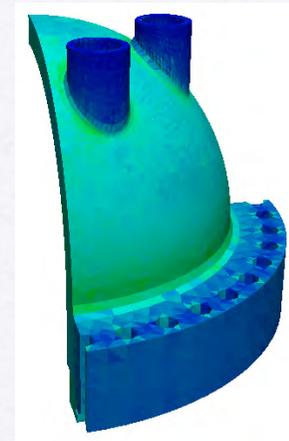
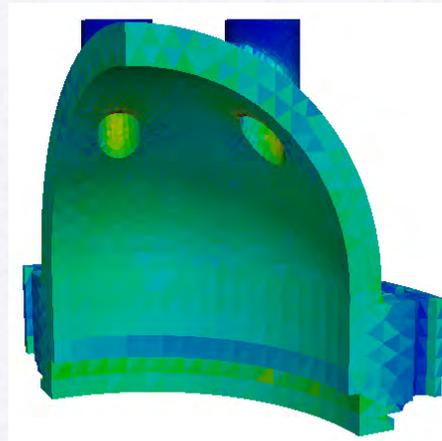
Results

Pled-Chamoin-Ladeveze IJMNE 2011

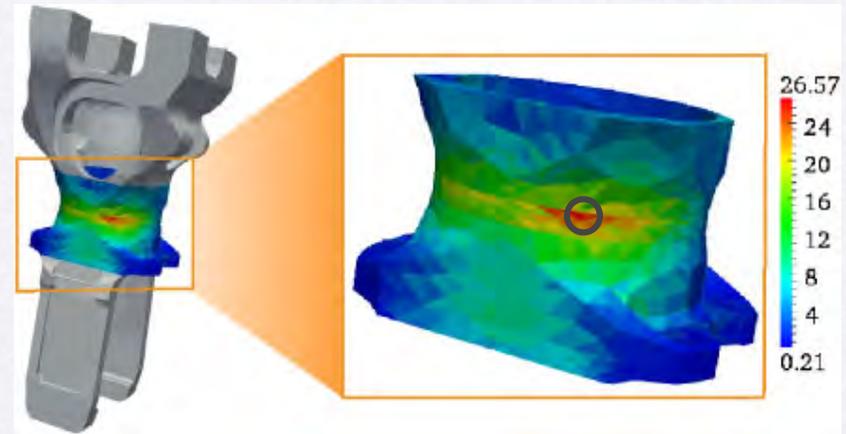
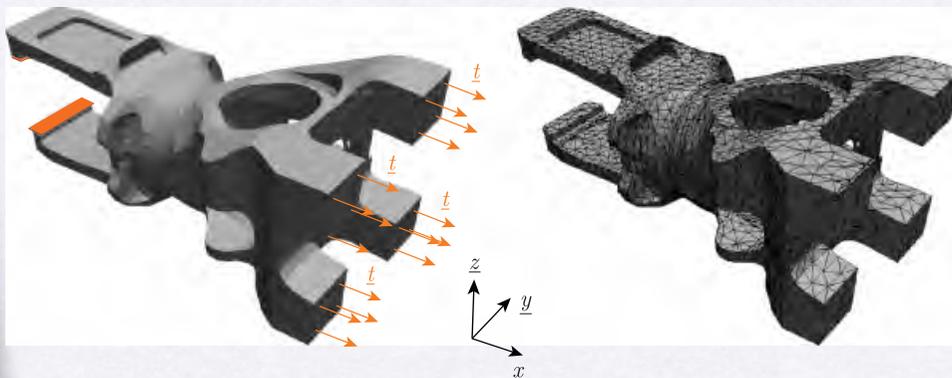
► Industrial cases



$$I = \frac{1}{|\omega|} \int_{\omega} \sigma_{VM} dw$$



$$14.08 \leq I_{ex} \leq 14.93$$

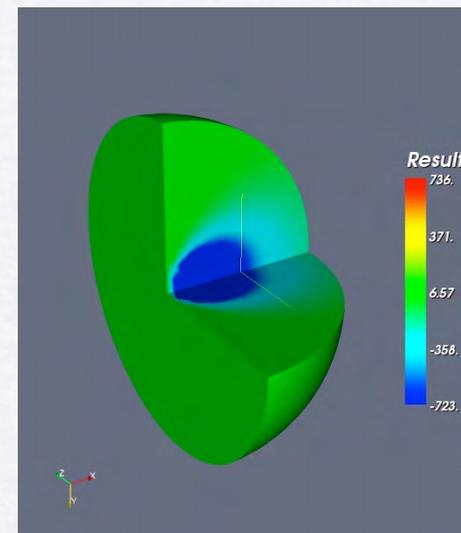
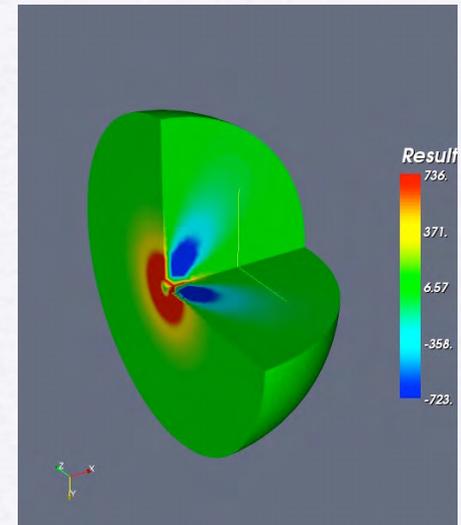
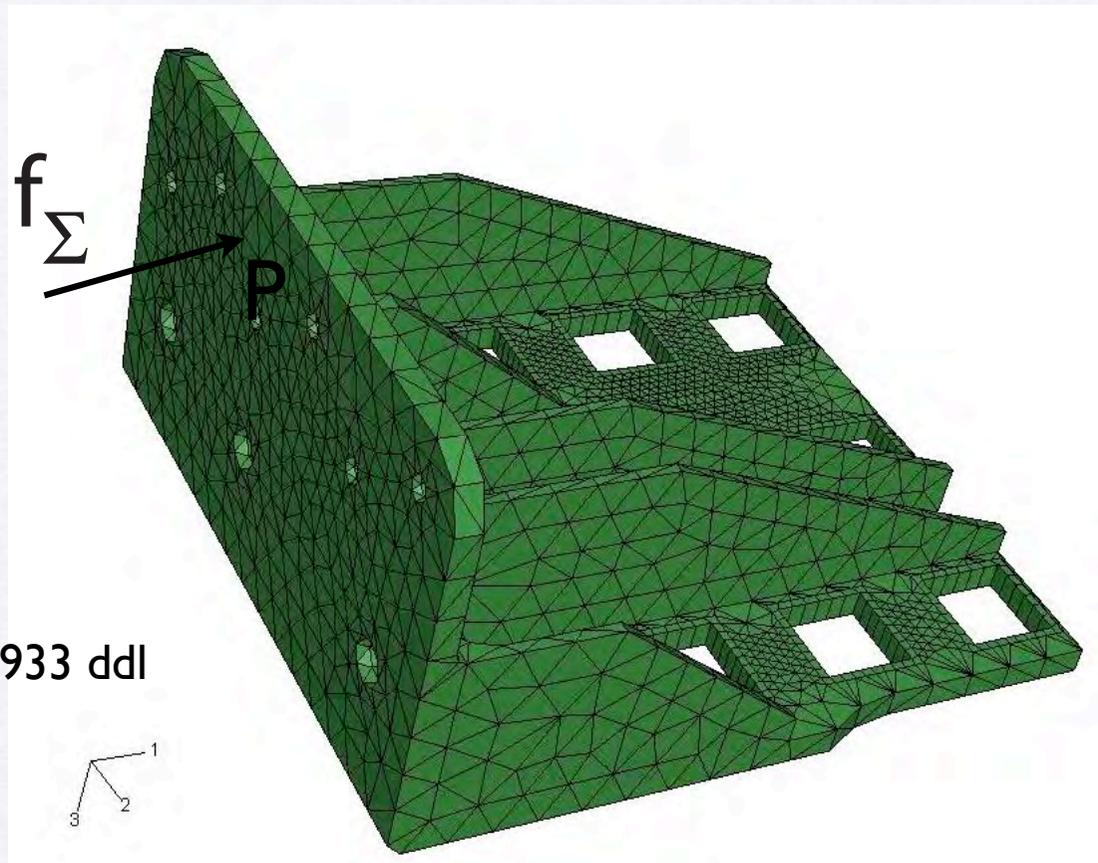


$$25.32 \leq I_{ex} \leq 28.24$$

Results

► Linear elasticity

$$I = u_x(P)$$



$$\frac{\chi_{inf}}{I_{ex}} = 0.93 \quad \frac{\chi_{inf}}{I_{ex}} = 1.06$$

MATURE

Goal-oriented verification thank to guaranteed accurate error bounds

- linear problems (cost ↘, implementation ↘ :MOR techniques)
- stochastic linear problems
- vibrations
- X-FEM, Isogeometric FEA

Global error estimators and adaptive approaches

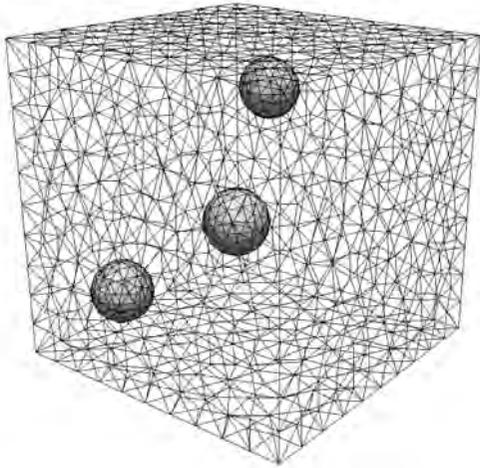
- multiscale computation
- nonlinear problems
- transient dynamics

RESEARCH

- **Goal-oriented verification thanks to guaranteed accurate error bounds**
 - reduced order model
 - multiscale computation
 - transient dynamics
 - nonlinear problems, instabilities

Illustration 3 : PGD -virtual chart

[Allier et al., in preparation]



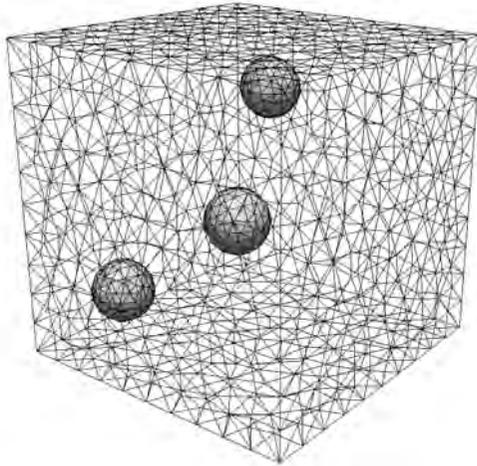
- elasticity problem (small perturbations)
- 3 extra-parameters: E_i (in each inclusion; +/- 70%)

- quantity of interest: $Q = \max_{K \in T_h} \frac{1}{|K|} \int_K \sigma_{11} dx$

$$Q : \sum_{i=1}^m \alpha_i(E_1) \beta_i(E_2) \gamma_i(E_3)$$

3D Example

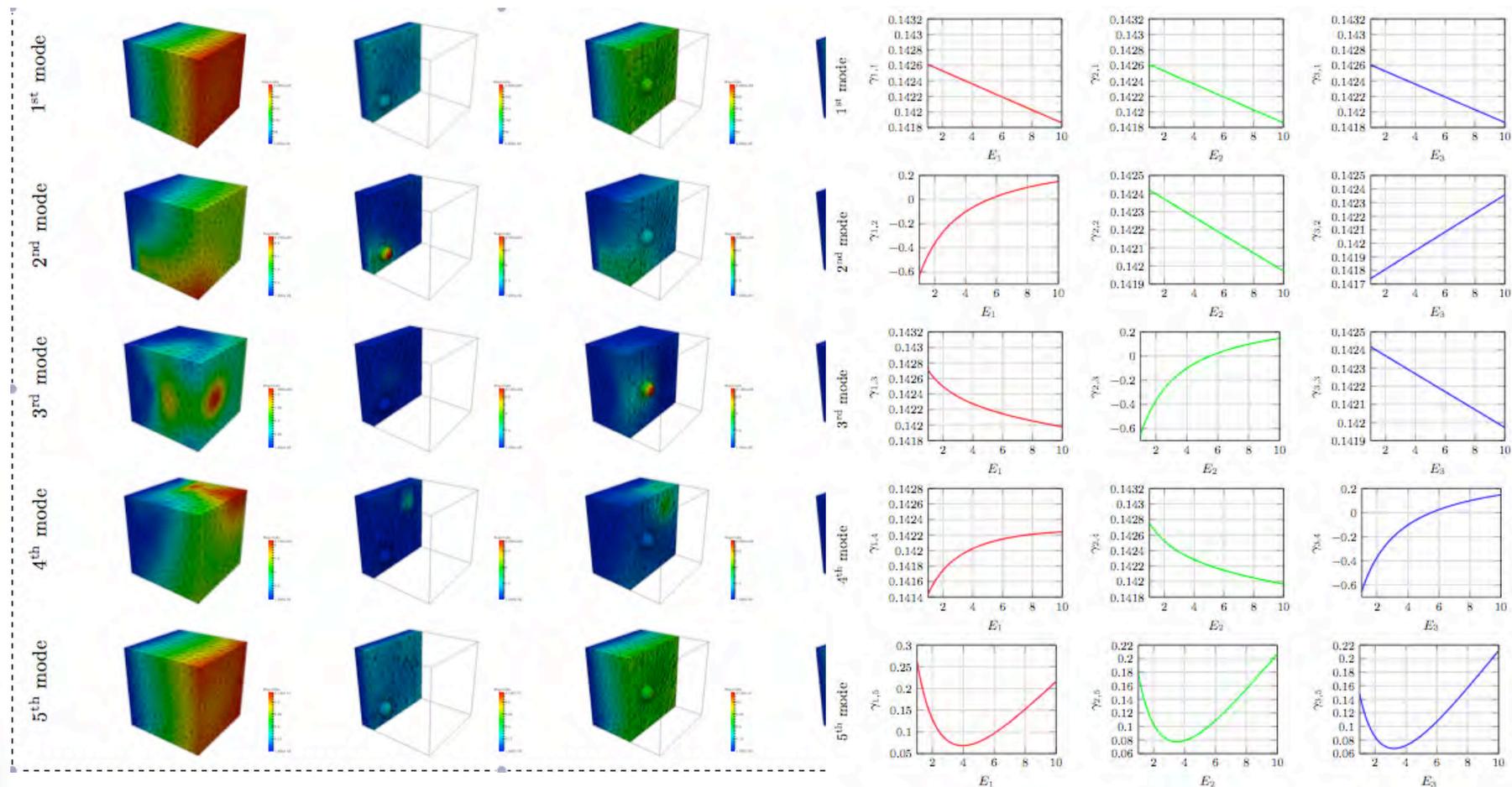
[Allier et al., in preparation]



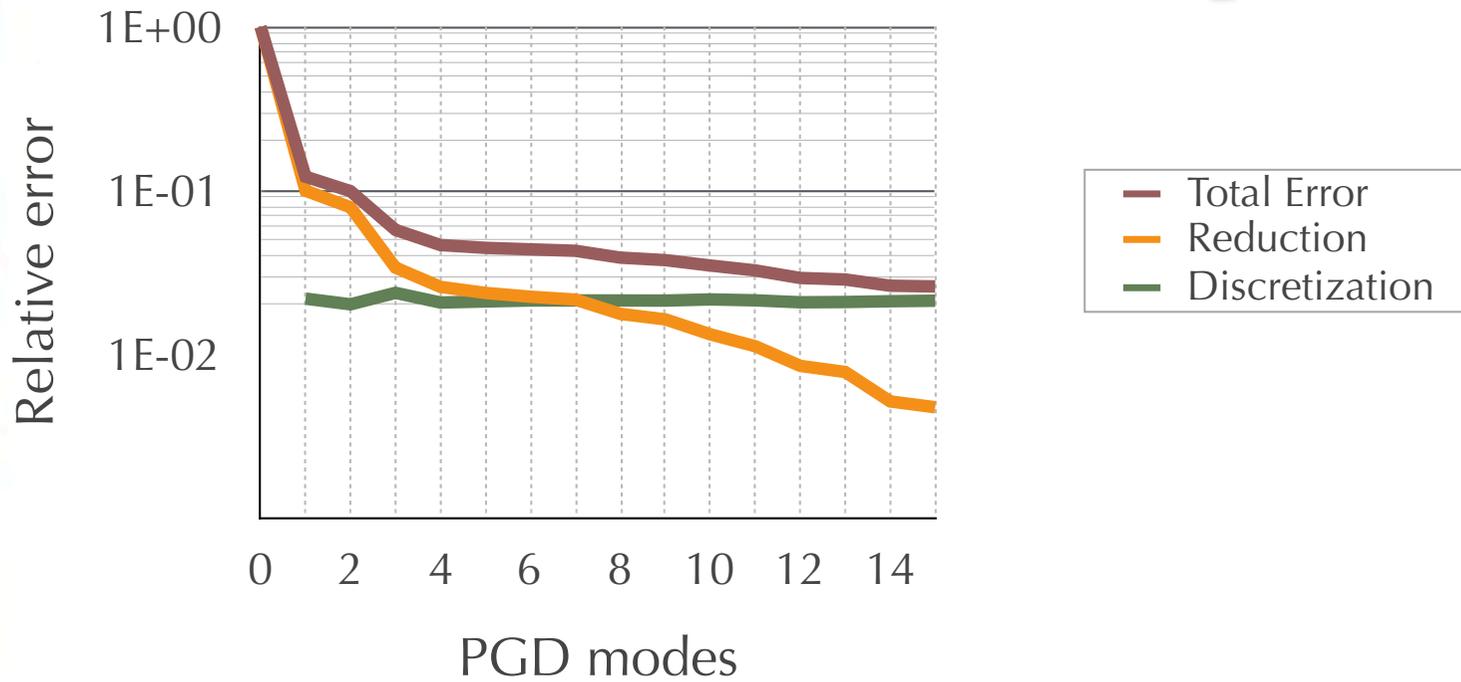
- elasticity problem (small perturbations)
- 3 extra-parameters: E_i (in each inclusion)

- quantity of interest: $Q = \max_{K \in T_h} \frac{1}{|K|} \int_K \sigma_{11} dx$

First PGD Modes

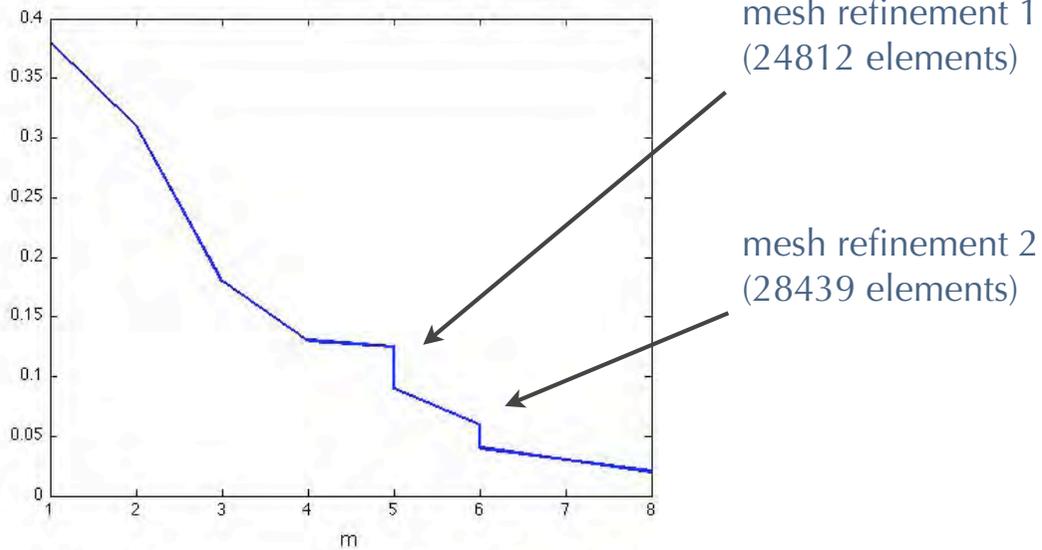


Error Estimation & Adaptive Strategy



Adaptive strategy for the quantity of interest

$$\frac{E_{CRE} \cdot \tilde{E}_{CRE}}{|Q(u_m) + Q_{corr}|}$$





Part 2 : Validation

Model validation related to a set of well-chosen tests

- **example:** validation and updating of dynamic structural models (LF)



The control of models - validation

Reference model: a set of tests



Approach

Strong a priori knowledge of the model

- **Residual on test results**

[Ohayon et al. 80], [Baruch 82], [Link et al. 91], [Natke 91], [Ewins 88], [Lallement et al. 83], [Chen et al. 89], [Mottershead and Friswell 93], [Berman 95], [Zimmerman 95], [Hemez and Farhat 95], [Hemez et al 02] ...

- **Constitutive Relation Error estimation**

[Ladevèze 83, 94, 05], [Balmès 96], [Bonnet et al 94], [Bricout et al 97], [Aubry et al 98], [Cogan et al. 01], [Golinval 96], [Reynier 90], [Chouaki 97], [Deraemaeker 01], [Constantinescu 05] [Bouillard 05], [Allix et al 06,08,14], [Ladeveze ,Puel et al 06] [Chrysokkos et al 08 05][Bonnet-Aquino 14]...

+ Inverse Problems litterature

The control of models - validation

Reference model: a set of tests

Error estimation based on the concept of Constitutive Relation Error



Idea : to take as reference

- the reliable experimental data (ex: sensor location, eigenfrequencies)
- a part of the model : the reliable equations (ex: equilibrium equations)



Computation of an error estimation and the local contributions

- if updating is unable to decrease the error :the used model is too coarse

The control of models - validation



Validation/updating : State-of-the-Art

- linear models with damping/ vibration tests (stochastic models, noisy measures)
- quasi-static linear model

The control of models - validation

Illustration 1: modeling ↗↗↗

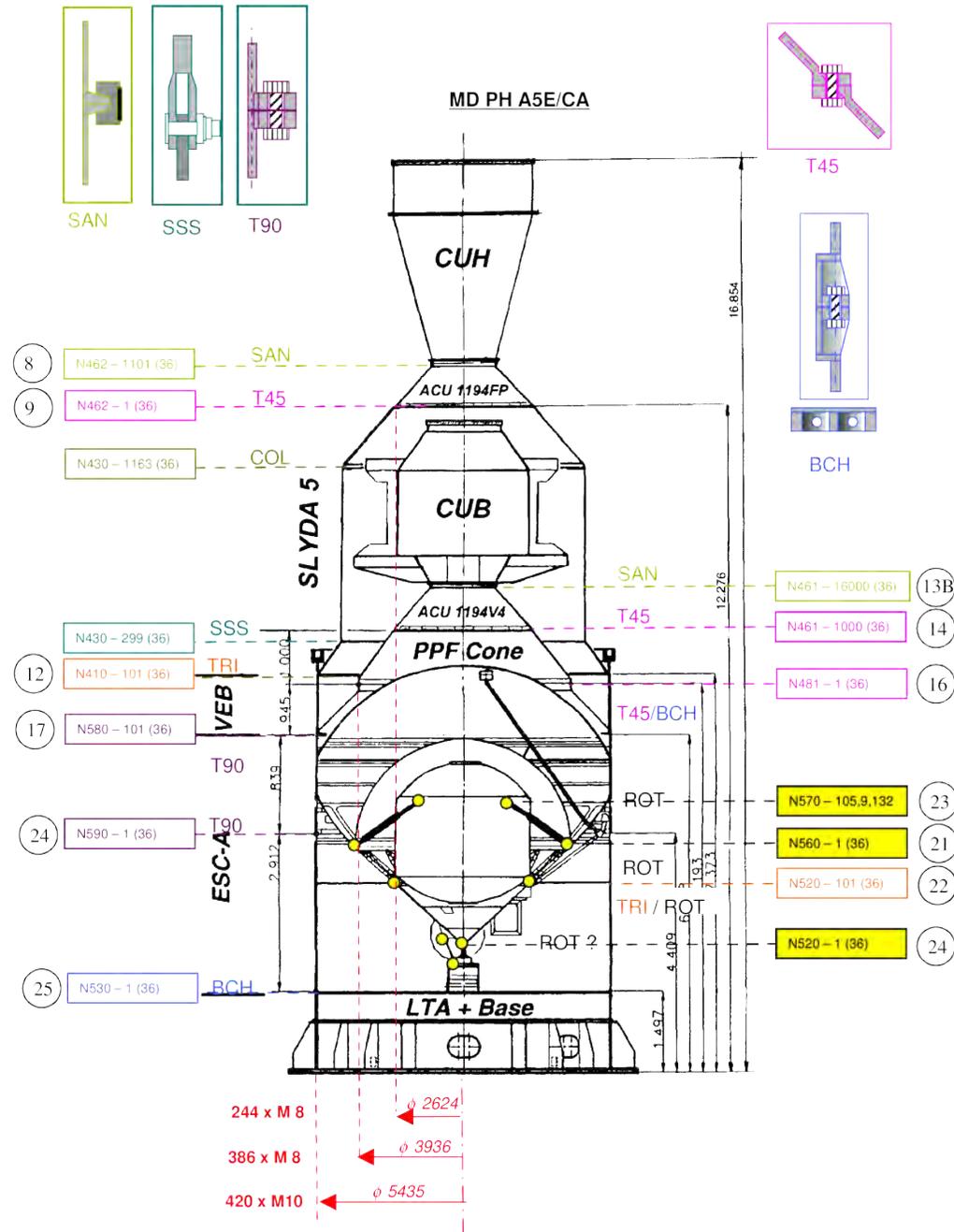
Validation of a structure model with damping

Damping data

- damping coefficient of the composite layer
- connections : friction coefficient, prestress

LMT-Cachan/CNES/ AIRBUS D&E

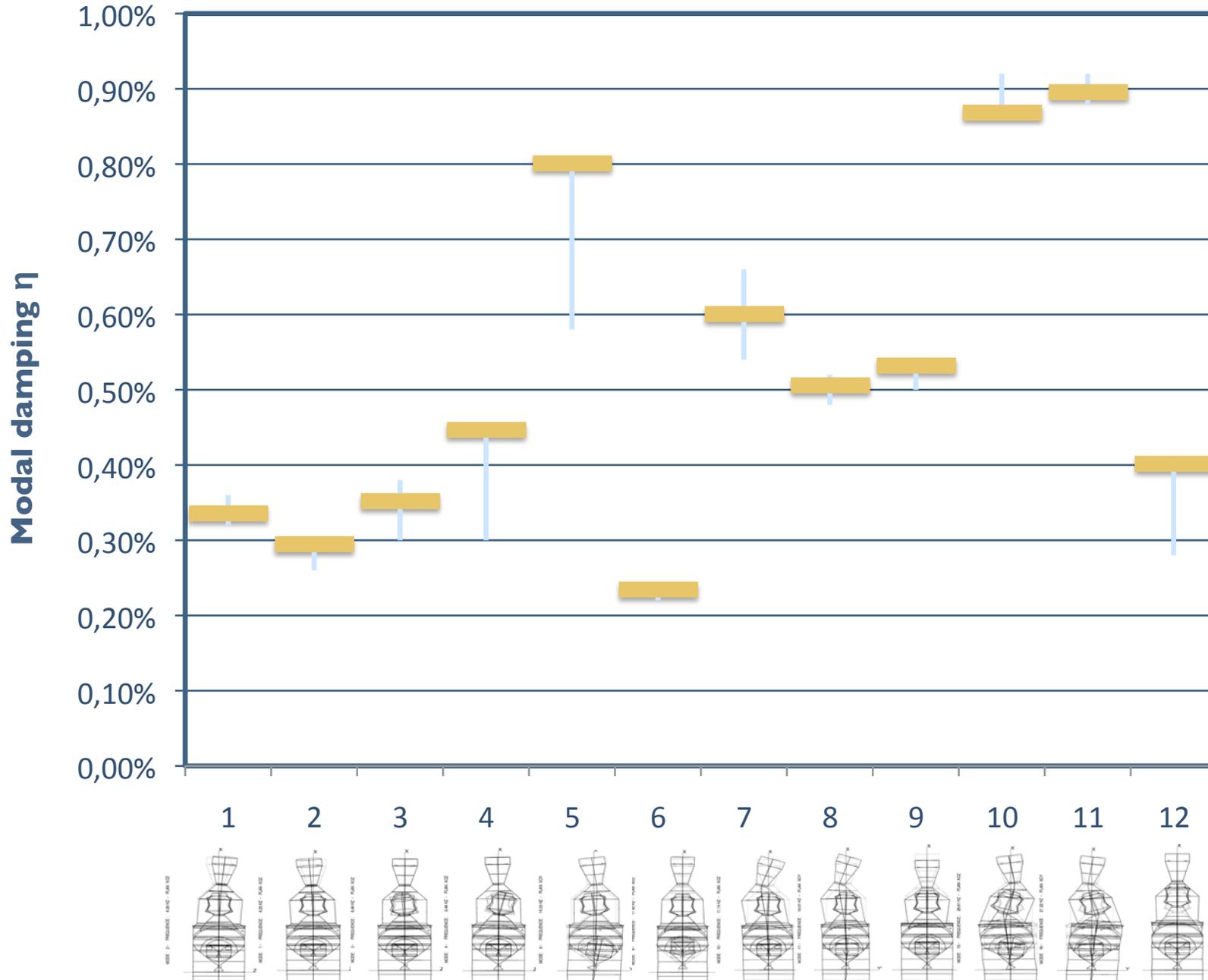
Global modes of MS-ESCA



Global modes of MS-ESCA

Experimental

Prediction

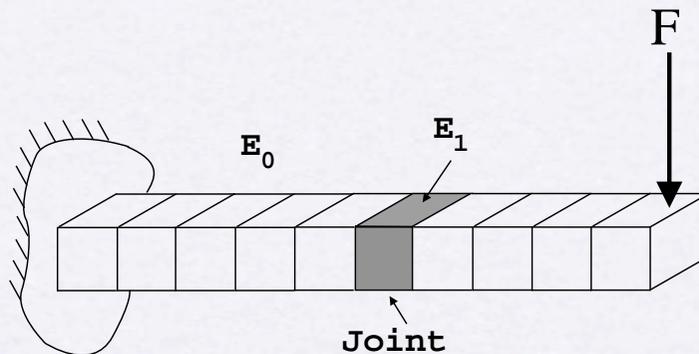


Mode

The control of models - validation

Illustration 2: Validation/updating of a stochastic model

■ The model



Length	10 m
Section	$1 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ m}^2$
Moment of Inertia	$8.33 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m}^4$
Density	2700 kg/m^3

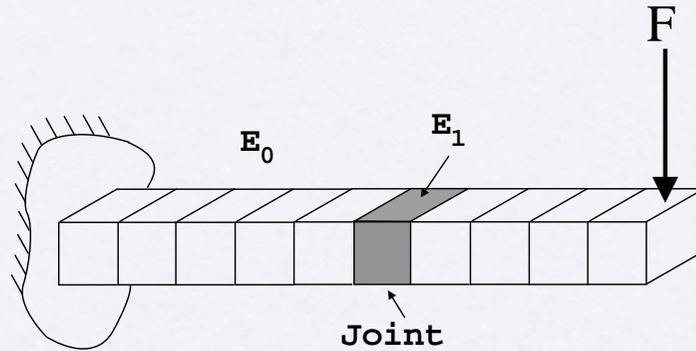
$E(1 + \alpha\delta)$, δ is a Gaussian variable with zero mean and unitary standard deviation

	Initial model	
	E_0, α_0	E_1, α_1
Case 1	$71 \cdot 10^9 \text{ Pa}, 0$	$71 \cdot 10^9 \text{ Pa}, 0.1$
Case 2	$71 \cdot 10^9 \text{ Pa}, 0.02$	$71 \cdot 10^9 \text{ Pa}, 0.02$

The control of models - validation

Illustration 2: Validation/updating of a stochastic model

■ Measurements



Length	10 m
Section	1.10^{-2} m^2
Moment of Inertia	$8.33.10^{-6} \text{ m}^4$
Density	2700 kg/m^3

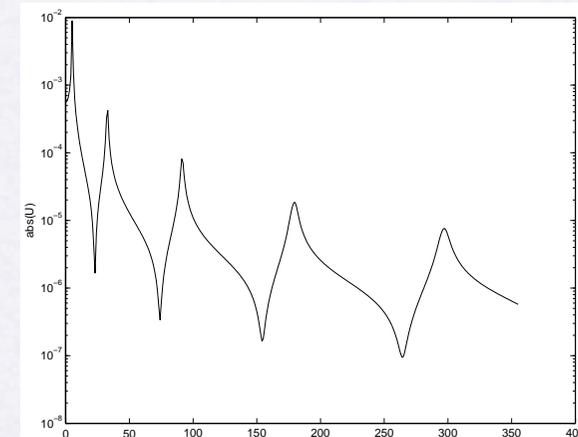
Frequency bandwidth contains **5 modes**

Hysteretic damping of 1%

Ten accelerometers equally spaced on beam

$E(1 + \alpha\delta)$, δ is a Gaussian variable with zero mean and unitary standard deviation

	Perturbed model	
	E_0, α_0	E_1, α_1
Case 1	$71.10^9 \text{ Pa}, 0$	$142.10^9 \text{ Pa}, 0.1$
Case 2	$71.10^9 \text{ Pa}, 0.05$	$71.10^9 \text{ Pa}, 0.05$

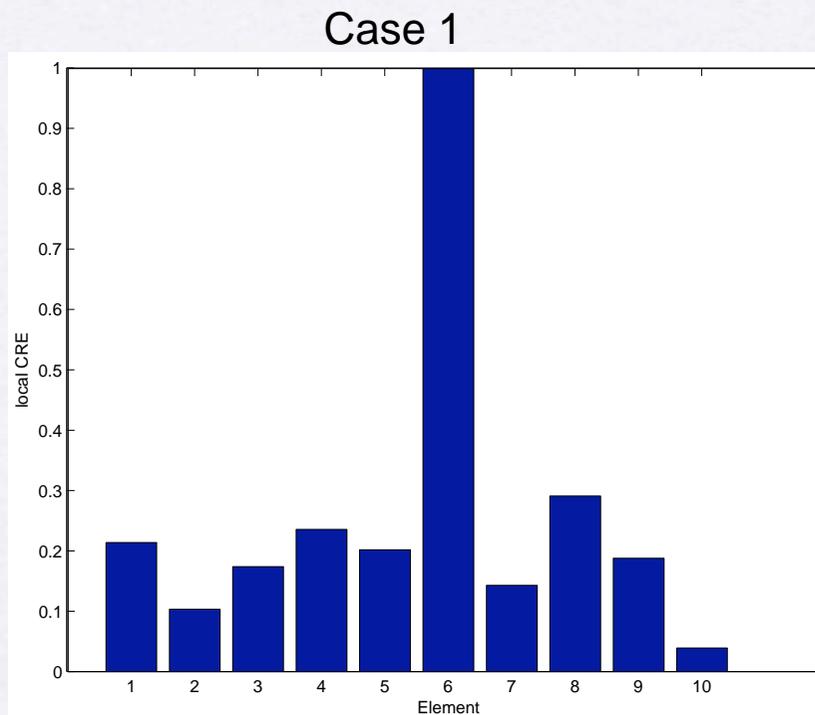


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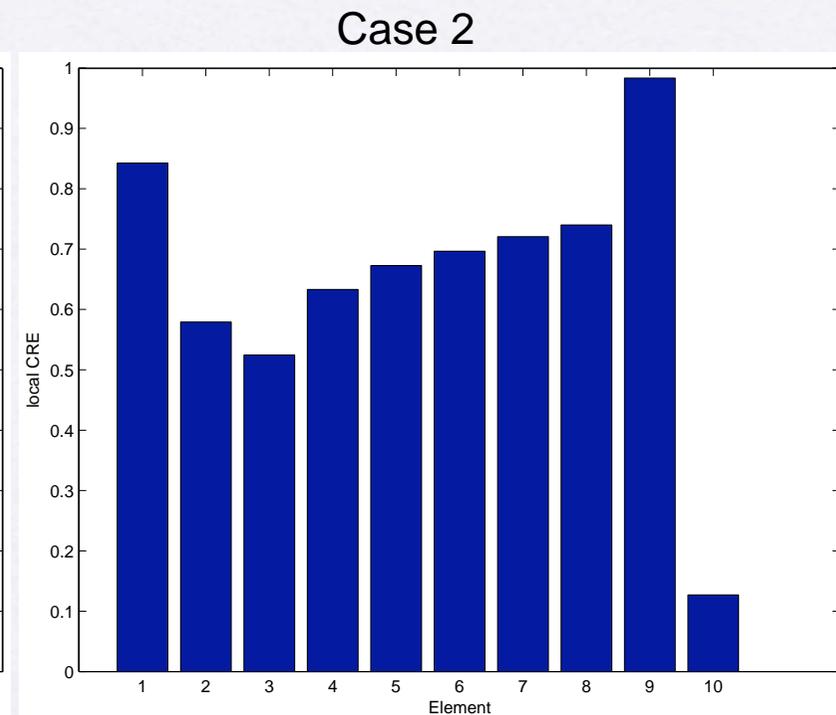
The control of models - validation

Illustration 2: Validation/updating of a stochastic model

■ CRE-estimation



$$\overline{E_{CRE}}(s) = 6.8\%, \bar{l} = 5.58\%$$



$$\overline{E_{CRE}}(s) = 2\%, \bar{l} = 0.22\%$$

The control of models - validation

RESEARCH

- 🔍 **Dynamic Data Driven Application Systems(DDDAS)**
- 🔍 **Identification/validation of material model (4D-images ,
ministructure)-Eikology**
- 🔍 **The true validation model and the quantification of lacks of
knowledge**



Dynamic Data Driven Application System

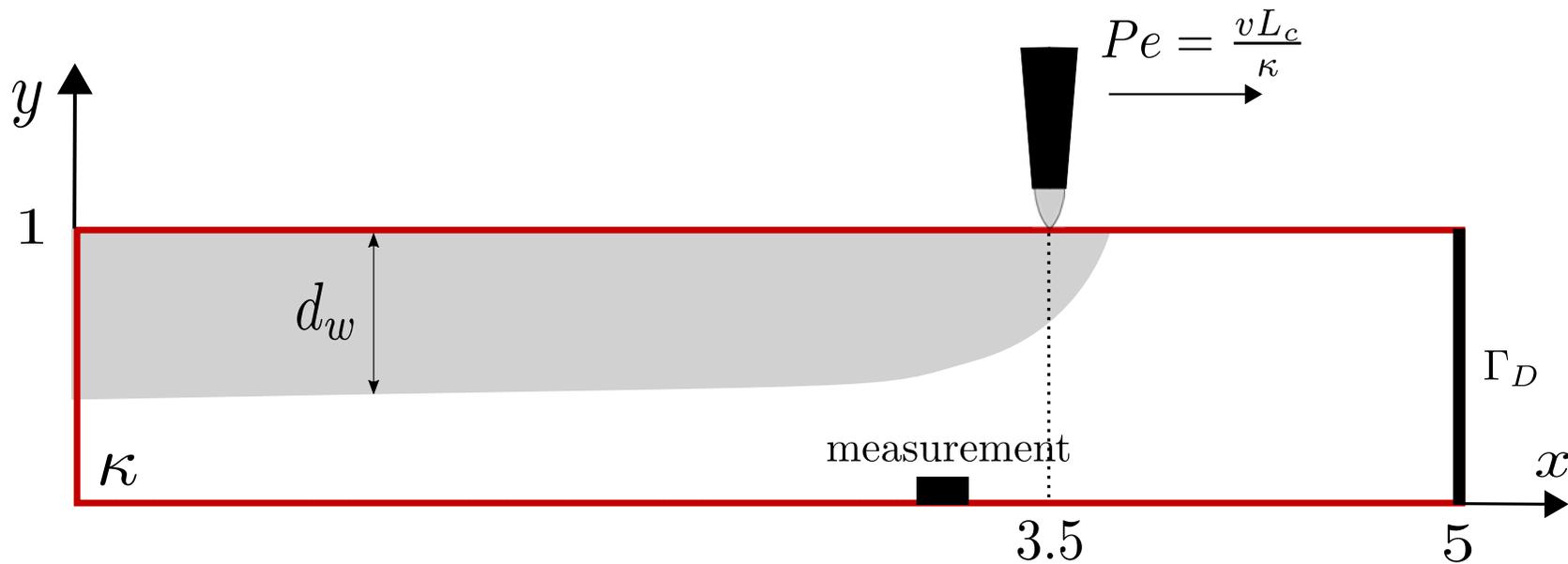
- (realtime parameter-updating + reduced model)

Illustration 4: Soudage en situation variable

- Problème adimensionné

$$T(x, y; t) \equiv \frac{\bar{T}(x, y; t) - \bar{T}_\infty}{\bar{T}_f - \bar{T}_\infty}$$

- Système de coordonnées se déplaçant avec la source



The control of models - validation

RESEARCH

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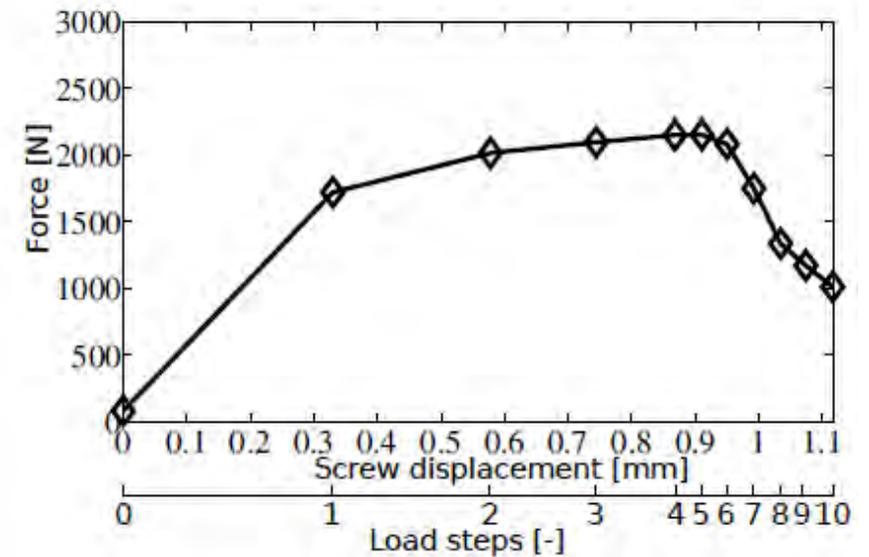
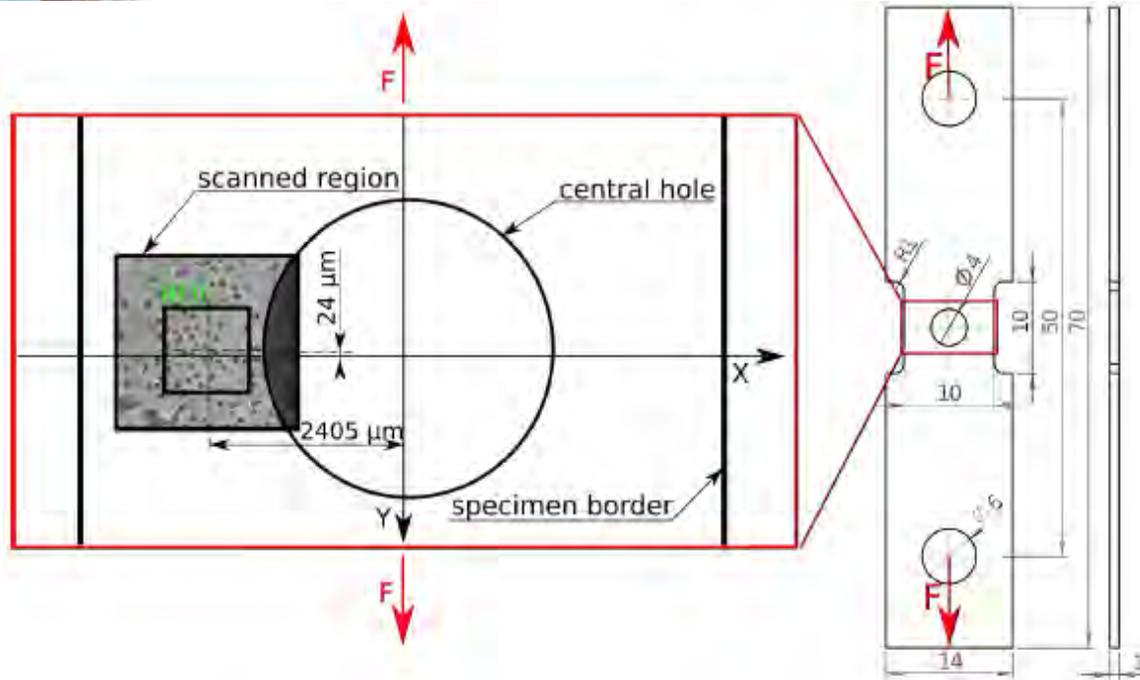


Identification/validation of a material model-4D images (Eikology)

Hild , Roux et al 2016

Central Hole Geometry

- Stepwise loading / scan procedure (laminography @ ESRF)

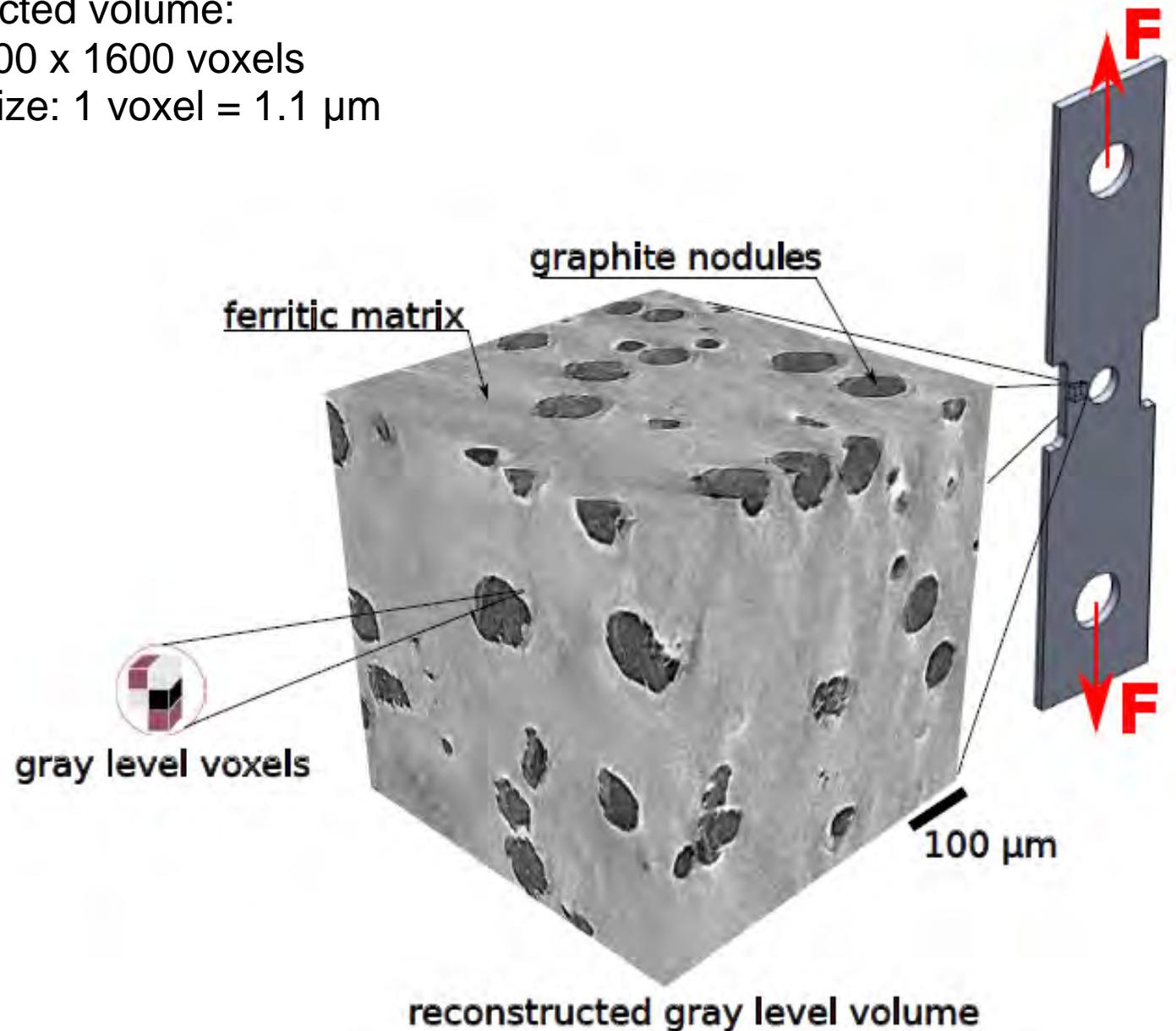


Studied Material: NG Cast Iron

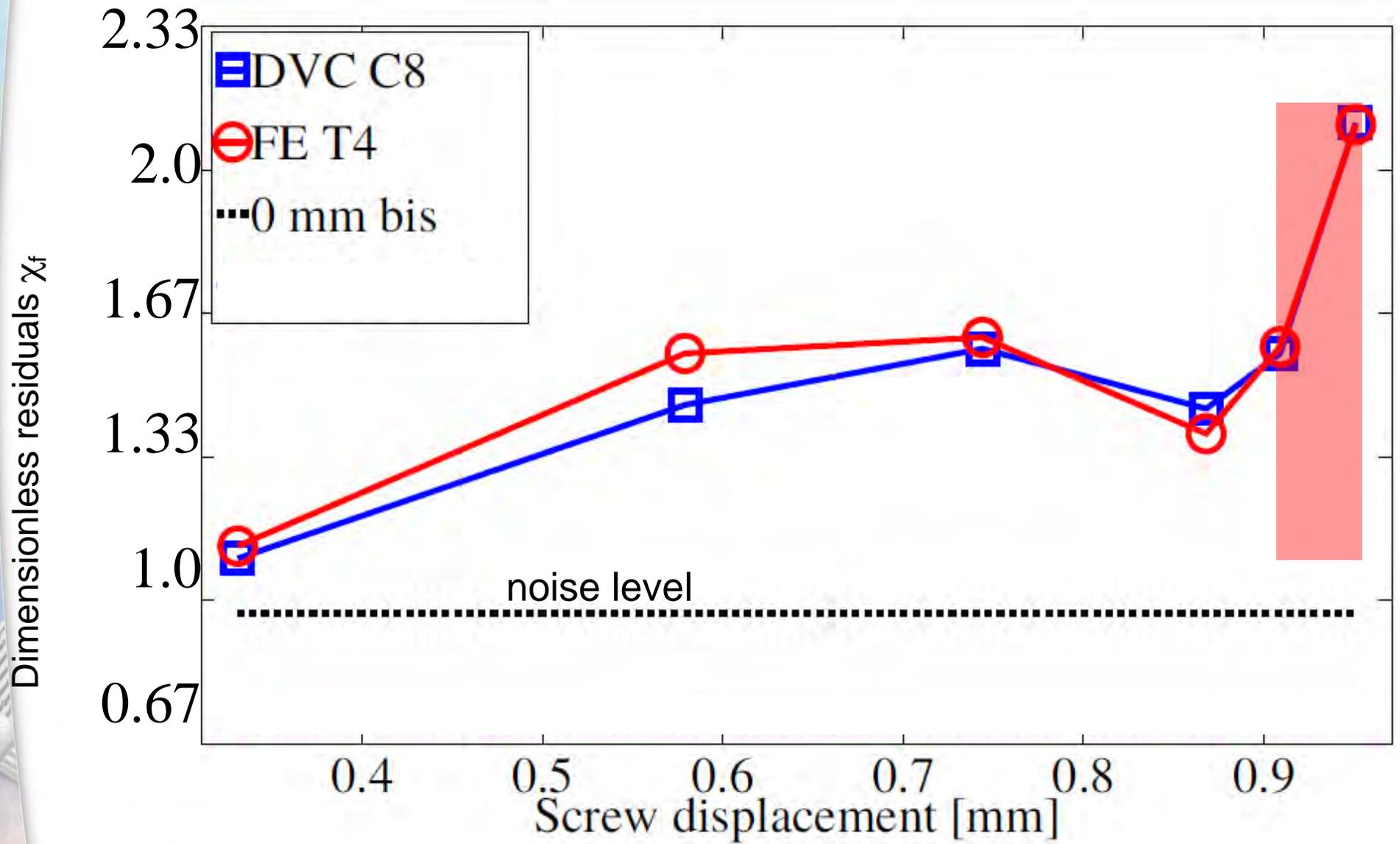
Reconstructed volume:

1600 x 1600 x 1600 voxels

Physical size: 1 voxel = 1.1 μm

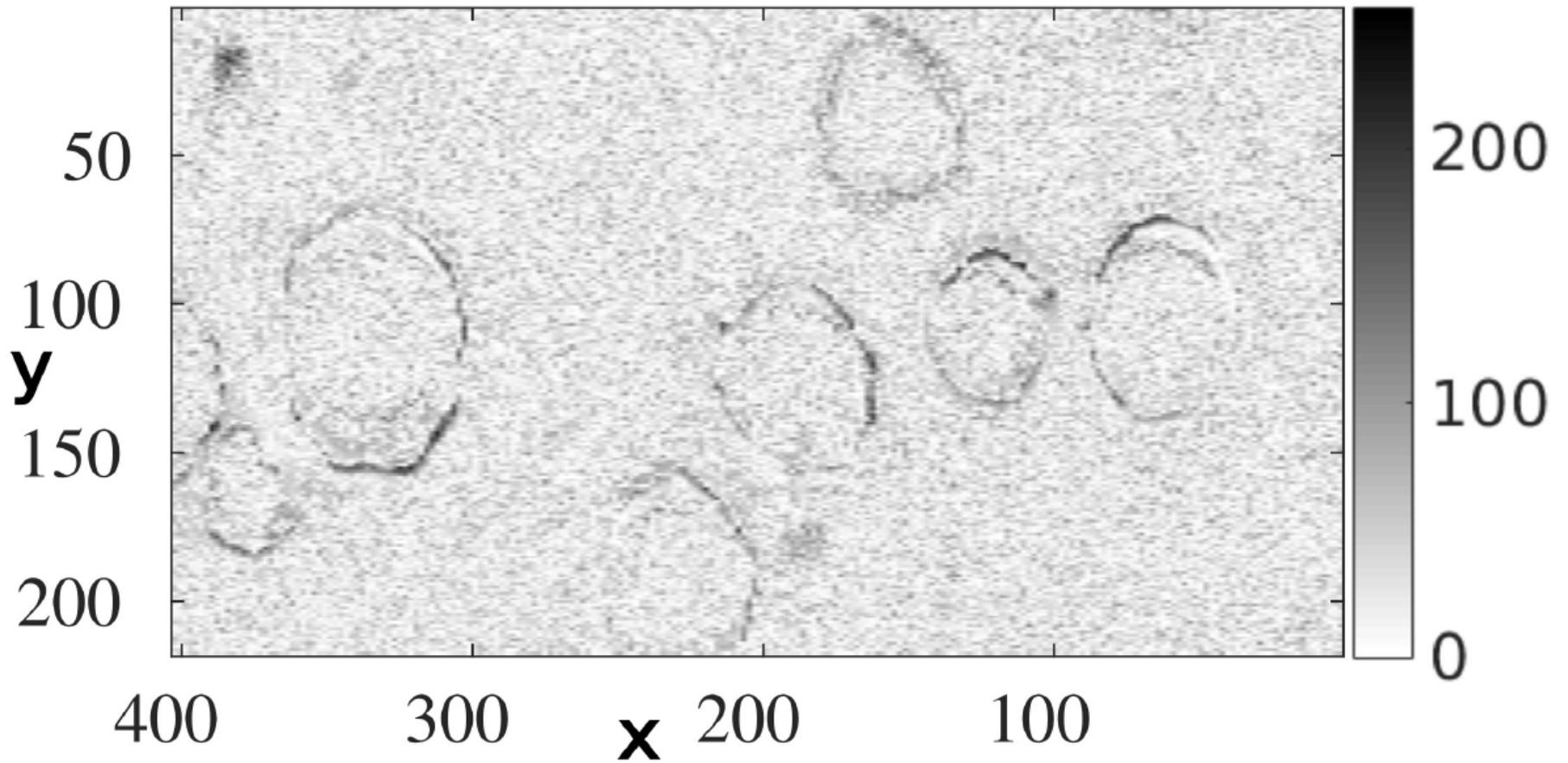


Validation?



Final Residual (FE)

$$|f(\mathbf{x}) - g(\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{u}_{FE}(\mathbf{x}))|$$



The control of models - validation

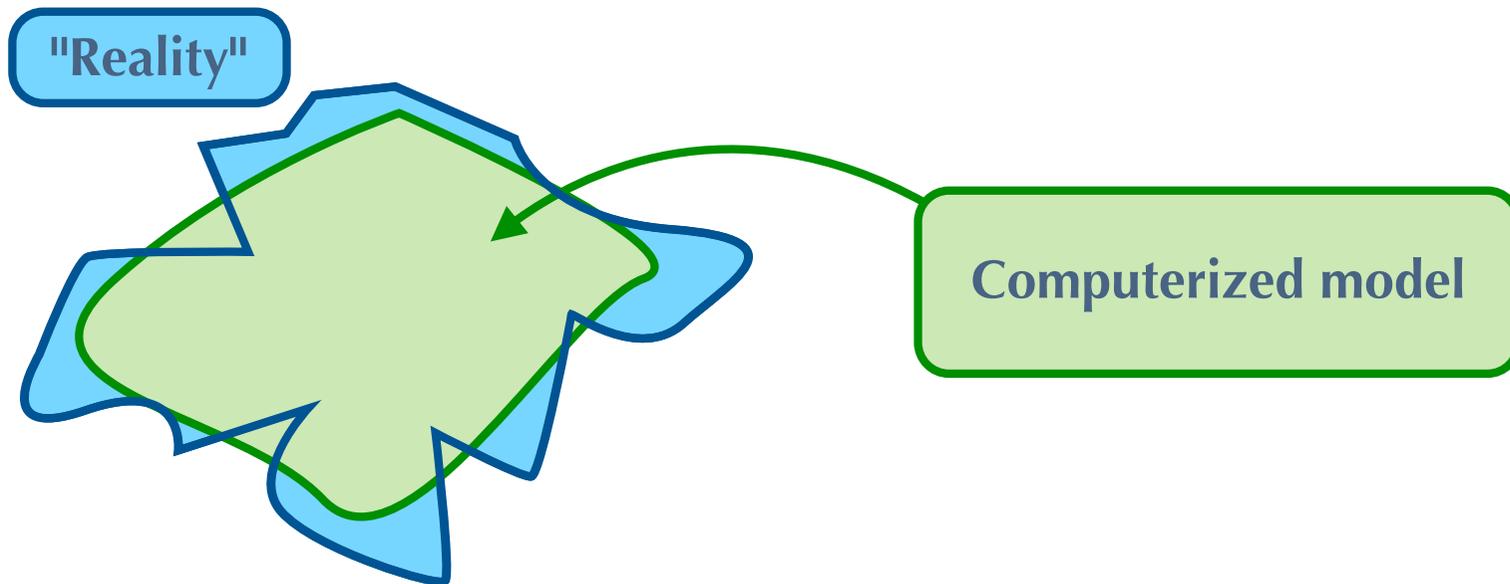
RESEARCH

- 🔍 **Dynamic Data Driven Application Systems(DDDAS)**
- 🔍 **Identification/validation of material model (4D-images ,
ministructure)-Eikology**
- 🔍 **The true validation model and the quantification of lacks of
knowledge**

The control of models - validation

The true validation problem ?

Challenge: model validation related to the "complete" reality



► **controversial issue**
[Popper], [Oden et al.], [Hemez et al.], [Ben-Haim] ...

for some people
a model can only be invalidated but never validated

The control of models - validation



The true validation problem ?

practical rules and
experiments



**Safety factors, margins
(lack of knowledge)**

**The built structure
performs as expected**



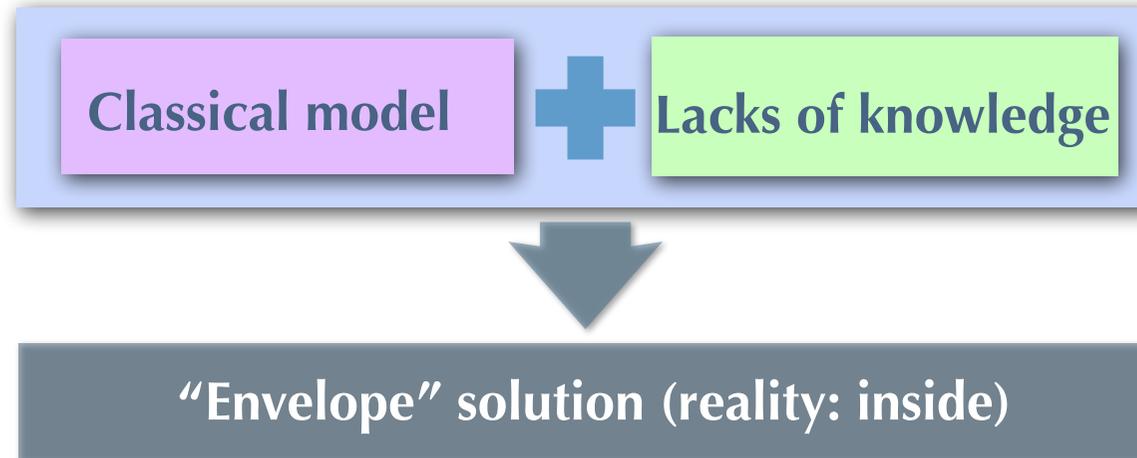
Model validation related to the “engineer” reality

**Real issue and
research challenge**

**to go beyond the philosophical
level, to elaborate practical tools?**

The control of models - validation

- ▶ a first attempt: the **Lack-of-Knowledge Theory** [CMAME 06]
[Ladevèze 02], [Puel], [Enjalbert], [Barthe], [Romeuf]
LMT-Cachan / EADS



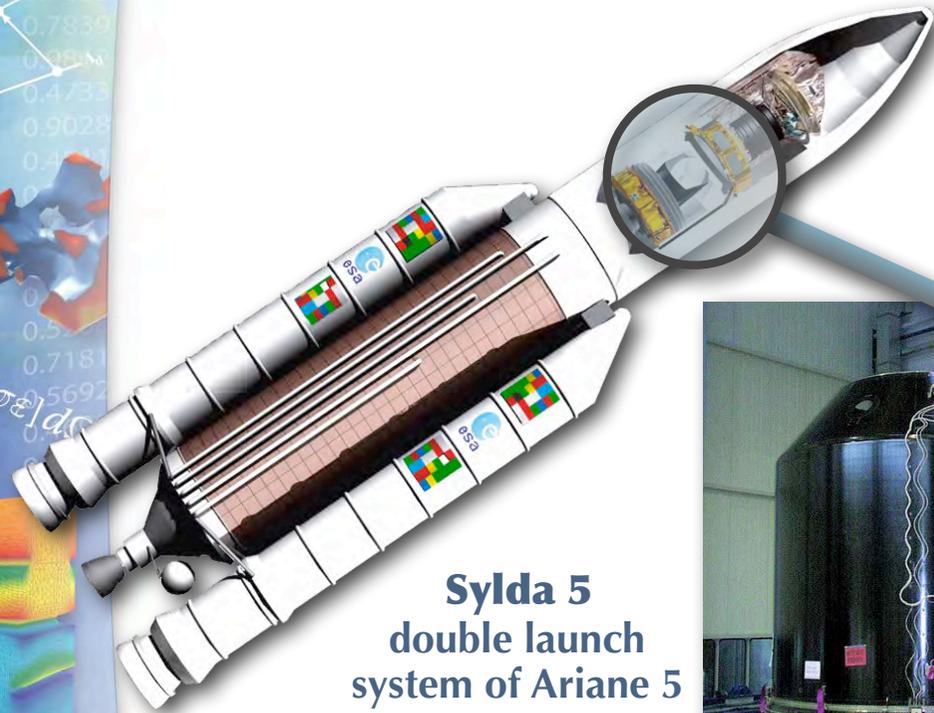
validation: wideness of the “Envelope” solution

lack-of- knowledge reduction from additional information :
Bayesian approach

Classic tools for taking uncertainties into account:

probabilities [Ghanem,Schueller], fuzzy sets [Zadeh 65], random sets [Dempster 68, Shafer 76], convex info-gap models [Ben-Haim, Elishakoff 90], nonparametric models [Soize 05] ...

LOK's illustration



Sylda 5
double launch
system of Ariane 5



**Vibration tests performed by IABG for
DASA/DORNIER under CNES contract**

First model

LOK's illustration

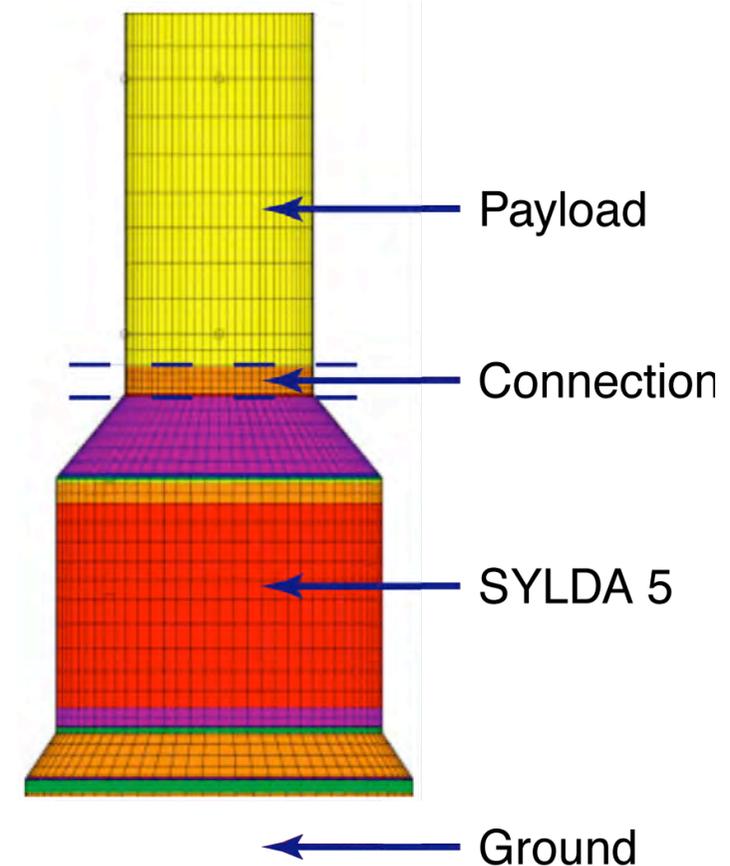
SYLDA5: calculation of free vibration modes (LF)

Studied substructures

- * E_1 = cylinder
- * E_2 = connexion
- * E_3 = SYLDA5
- * E_4 = ground

Initial LOKs

Substructure	Law beeing sought	$(\bar{m}_E^{-0}, \bar{m}_E^{+0})$	Statistical moment
E_1	normal	$(-0.25, 0.25)$	$(\mu = 0.00 / \sigma = 0.097)$
E_2	uniform	$(-0.25, 0.25)$	$(\mu = 0.00 / \sigma = 0.097)$
E_3	normal	$(-0.25, 0.25)$	$(\mu = 0.00 / \sigma = 0.097)$
E_4	uniform	$(-0.75, 0.75)$	$(\mu = 0.00 / \sigma = 0.289)$



LOK's illustration

Test results

- Vibration tests (first 8 frequencies)

$$(\tilde{\alpha}_{exp} - \bar{\alpha}) = \Delta\tilde{\alpha}_{exp}$$

↑
"extreme" value

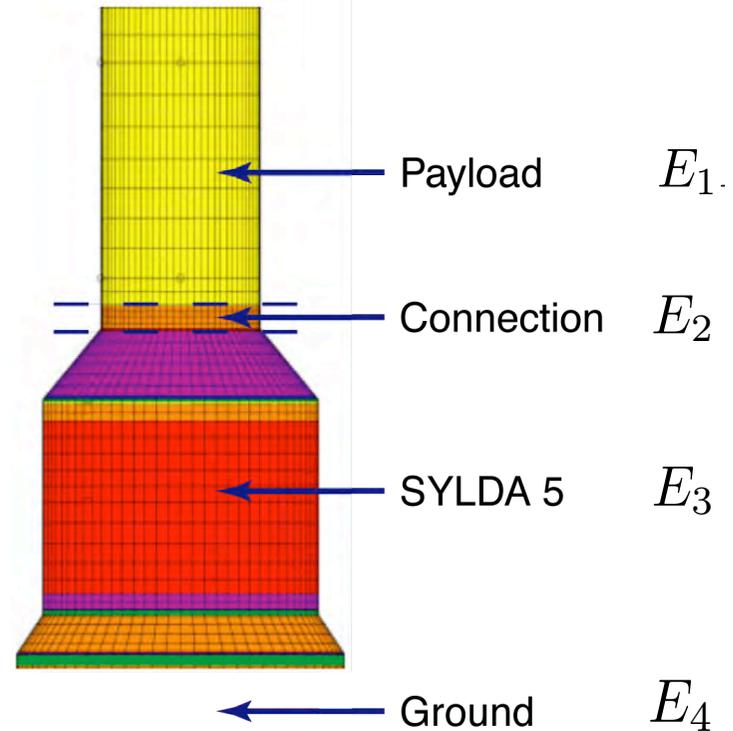
→ $\Delta\alpha_{exp}(\theta) \in [0, \Delta\tilde{\alpha}_{exp}]$

- Reduced basic LOKs ($\rho_E = 1$; iterative process)

LOK's illustration

Updated model

● Reduced basic LOKs



Substructure	Basic LOKs			Reduced LOKs		
	Law beeing sough	$[\overline{m}_E^{-0}, \overline{m}_E^{+0}]$	Statistical moment	Law	$[-\overline{m}_E^{-}; \overline{m}_E^{+}]$	Statistical moment
E_1 .	normal	$[-0.25, 0.25]$	$\mu = 0.00 / \sigma = 0.097$	normal	$[0; 0.144]$	$\mu = 0.072 / \sigma = 0.028$
E_2	uniform	$[-0.25, 0.25]$	$\mu = 0.00 / \sigma = 0.097$	uniform	$[-0.060; 0]$	$\mu = -0.030 / \sigma = 0.012$
E_3	normal	$[-0.25, 0.25]$	$\mu = 0.00 / \sigma = 0.097$	normal	$[-0.016; 0]$	$\mu = -0.008 / \sigma = 0.003$
E_4	uniform	$[-0.75, 0.75]$	$\mu = 0.00 / \sigma = 0.289$	uniform	$[0; 0.521]$	$\mu = 0.261 / \sigma = 0.150$

Conclusions



Verification and validation tools are available but not used



Research on V&V: ↘ ↘ ↘

